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<p>Article from an Academic, Peer-Reviewed, or Scholarly Journal Found in an Online Database.</p> <p>NOTE: Double-space all citations on the page at the end of your paper called Works Cited.</p> <p>MLA Reference: 5.6.4 (Pages are 192-93.)</p>	<p>❶ Massingale, John. ❷ "Propaganda, and The Civil War." ❸ <i>Journal of American Literature and Culture</i> ❹ 26.3 (2003): ❺ 361-70. ❻ <i>Literature Resource Center</i>. ❼ Web. ❽ 23 Jan. 2009.</p> <p>KEY: ❶ Author of article. ❷ Article title in quote marks. ❸ <i>Journal Title in Italics</i> ❹ Volume. Issue (year): ❺ Page Numbers ❻ <i>Title of Database in Italics</i>. ❼ Medium of Publication. ❽ Date of Your Access. *</p> <p>*In most citations, Web Addresses are no longer required by MLA format (per the 7th edition, 2009). The words <i>Rpt. in</i> are not required for electronic sources.</p>	<p>(Massingale)</p> <p>Use the author's last name in parentheses.</p> <p>This citation goes inside your paper. Use it where you have quoted, paraphrased or used the ideas of a source. It typically goes at the end of a sentence or paragraph.</p>
<p>Magazine Article</p> <p>(Example is for <i>Academic Search Complete</i> database)</p> <p>MLA Reference: 5.4.1 and 5.4.6 (Pages are 142-43.)</p>	<p>Black, Dana. "In Spite of Pressure Senators Vote Their Conscience." <i>Newsweek</i> 15 Mar. 2003: 38-39. <i>Academic Search Complete</i>. Web. 22 Mar. 2008.</p> <p>Italicized <i>Title of Database</i> always comes just before the word <i>Web</i>. For Magazines: Use date in this order: day month year. Do not use vol. or issue number. If you don't know if your source is a journal or a magazine, ask a librarian or your teacher.</p>	<p>(Black 39)*</p> <p>*Only include page numbers with web sites when the pages can be given precisely.</p>
<p>Chapter or section from a Book, found in a Database</p> <p>(Example is for <i>Literature Resource Center</i>.)</p> <p>MLA Reference: 5.5.24 (Page is 179.)</p>	<p>McGreggor, Christopher. "Life with Twain." <i>U.S. Literature</i>. Norton, 1922. 10-11. <i>Literature Resource Center</i>. Web. 6 Feb. 2009. [Here 1922 is the year, and 10-11 are page numbers.]</p> <p>Give as much publication information as the database provides for the book. Give the information in correct MLA order. If the information in the database varies from MLA order, you must put it into that order, or it will not be correct format. If you don't know if your source is a journal or a magazine, ask a librarian or your teacher.</p>	<p>(McGreggor)</p> <p>The author's name is all that is required here.</p>
<p>Source with No Author given.</p> <p>(This is a weekly magazine: The date includes the day.)</p>	<p>"Body of Assassin Found in Hudson River." <i>Time</i> 15 Mar. 2001: 38-39. <i>Academic Search Complete</i>. Web. 22 Mar. 2008.</p> <p>For a source with no author given at the beginning or end of the article, it is correct to start with the title. If no author, but an editor is given, it is also correct to start with the editor in this order: Last Name, First Name, ed.</p>	<p>("Body of Assassin")</p> <p>Shortened titles must start with first word, except <i>A</i>, <i>An</i>, or <i>The</i>.</p>

<p>Book with three article authors and two editors</p> <p>(Example is for <i>Opposing Viewpoints</i> database)</p> <p>MLA 5.5.4 (For multiple authors, pages are 154-55.)</p>	<p>Mallory, Christina, Pam Smith, and Bob Wild. "Professional Athletes Should Be Role Models." Eds. Ellen Norris and Jack Jones. <i>Sports and Athletes</i>. Detroit: Greenhaven, 2007. 110-20.</p> <p><i>Opposing Viewpoints</i>. Web. 23 Apr. 2008.</p> <p>Use Ed. if there is only one editor. Use Eds. for more than one. Put the word <i>and</i> before the last author or editor. Capitalize "Ed." if it precedes an editor's name. However, keep "ed." in lower case when it comes after the editor's name as in a book with an editor but no author.</p>	<p>(Mallory, Smith, and Wild, 110-20)</p> <p>No pages? This citation has page numbers; however, when there are no page numbers at all, use the abbreviation N. pag. which means "no pagination."</p>
<p>Complete Book Online -- E-book (Example is for NetLibrary)</p> <p>MLA 5.6.2c (Pages are 187-89.)</p>	<p>Sweet, William. <i>Kicking the Carbon Habit: Global Warming and the Case for Renewable and Nuclear Energy</i>. New York: Columbia UP, 2006. <i>NetLibrary</i>. Web. 14 May 2007.</p>	<p>(Sweet)</p> <p>Use last name of author if given. Use title or shortened title if not.</p>
<p>Newspaper Article from Database on Web (Example is for JSTOR Database)</p> <p>MLA 5.6.4 (Page is 193, see Richardson.)</p>	<p>Little, Ron. "World Economy and China." <i>New York Times</i> 22 Apr. 1903, late ed. (East Coast): B1. <i>JSTOR</i>. Web. 8 July 2009.</p> <p>Omit edition [late ed. (East Coast)] if it is not specified. If the reference does not have a letter for section as in "B1", use the page number only.</p>	<p>(Little)</p>
<p>Web Site</p> <p>MLA Reference: 5.6.2 (Pages are 184-87.)</p>	<p>Tate, Luke. <i>Sports Today Web Page</i>. Ed. Paul Corman. Texas State Athletic Organization, n.d. Web. 3 Aug. 2008.</p> <p>Start with author if author is given. If a sponsor is given, use it. Texas State Athletic Organization is the sponsor of the web page cited here. In the example above, "n.d." means "no date." Look diligently for a date on a web page--and its home page, if any--before using "n.d."</p>	<p>(Tate)</p> <p>If no author is given, use full or shortened title.</p>
<p>Government Document</p> <p>MLA Reference: 5.5.20 and 5.6.2c (Pages are 174 and 188.)</p>	<p>United States. Dept. of Education. <i>Changing by Degrees: Greenhouse Gases</i>. By Ken Cho. [only if author's name is given] Phoenix: GPO, [publisher: only if given] 2001. Web. 29 Sept. 2008.</p>	<p>(United States. Dept. of Education)</p> <p>If a Department. or Bureau is named, include it.</p>
<p>Image from a Database</p> <p>MLA Reference: 5.6.2d and 5.7.6 (Pages are 189 and 200.)</p>	<p>Da Vinci, Leonardo. <i>Mona Lisa</i>. c. 1503. The Louvre Museum, Paris. <i>Oxford Art Online</i>. Web. 15 Oct. 2006.</p> <p>"c. 1503" means "circa 1503" or "around 1503" as this date is uncertain.</p>	<p>(Da Vinci)</p>