
**Reference Examples – Books [APA 7.02]**

**PRINT BOOK WITH ONE AUTHOR – DETAILED [APA 7.02.18]**


**KEY:**
1. author (last name, first initial and middle initial)
2. year of publication
3. title
4. place of publication
5. publisher

**PRINT BOOK WITH EDITORS AND EDITION NUMBER [APA 7.02. & 6.27.Editors]**


**PRINT BOOK WITH TWO TO SEVEN AUTHORS (eight or more authors, include the first six authors' names, then use “...” and the final author's name) [APA 6.27.Authors]**


**PRINT ORGANIZATION AS AUTHOR AND PUBLISHER, EDITION OTHER THAN FIRST [APA 7.02]**


**PRINT ARTICLE REPRINTED IN AN EDITED BOOK [APA 7.02.26]**


**PRINT WORK OR CHAPTER WITHIN A LARGER WORK [APA 7.02]**


**PRINTENCYCLOPEDIA, SIGNED ARTICLE [APA 7.02]**


**ELECTRONIC GOVERNMENT REPORT [APA 7.03.31]**


ELECTRONIC MAGAZINE ARTICLE [APA 7.01.8]

ELECTRONIC MAGAZINE ARTICLE, NO AUTHOR FROM A DATABASE [APA 6.27. & 7.01.8]

PRINT NEWSPAPER ARTICLE WITH AUTHOR [APA 7.01.10]

ELECTRONIC NEWSPAPER ARTICLE [APA 7.01.11]

MOTION PICTURE (FILM, VIDEOTAPE) [APA 7.07]

FILM [ENTIRE] FROM SUBSCRIPTION DATABASE [APA 7.07.49 & 7.11.77]

FILM [SEGMENT] FROM SUBSCRIPTION DATABASE [APA 7.07.49, 7.11.77 & 7.02]

INTERVIEW [APA 6.20]
Because an interview is not recoverable, you do not include it in the references. You may cite in your parenthetical references as (T. Jefferson, personal interview, July 4, 2008).

MUSIC RECORDING [APA 7.07.52] (When citing inside paper, include side and band or track numbers.)

PODCAST [APA 7.07.50]

VIDEO WEBLOG POST [APA 7.11.76. & 7.07.49]
Reference Examples – Internet Pages [APA 7.09]


KEY:

1 author 2 date 3 document title 4 electronic address [if no author #3 takes place of #1.]

ELECTRONIC WORK WITHOUT AUTHOR OR DATE [APA 7.09.61]


ELECTRONIC ENTRY IN A REFERENCE WORK, NO AUTHOR [APA 7.02.29]

Citing References in the Paper

- Use author and year. For a direct quote, include page number or paragraph number. [APA 6.11.]
- Multiple authors, up to five, should all be cited. For six or more, use the first author's surname followed by et al. [APA 6.12.]
- If there is no author, use the first few words of the title and the year. [APA 6.15.]
- All sources cited in the text should be included in the reference list. [APA 6.22.]
- Parenthetical references should immediately follow the quote, even in mid-sentence. [APA Table 6.1.]
- The authors’ names may be included in the text (followed by the year) in parentheses at the end of the quote. [APA 6.1-21.]

Paraphrased, author in text: Smith and Wilson (2000) agree that the moon is green cheese.
Paraphrased: The moon is made of green cheese (Smith & Wilson, 2000),
Direct Quotation: “The moon is green cheese” (Smith & Wilson, 2000, p. 100).
Direct Quotation, no page # “The moon is green cheese” (Smith & Wilson, 2000, para. 3).
Up to five authors “…green cheese.” (Smith, Wilson, Jay, Kent, & Grey, 2000, p. 100).
Six or more authors “…green cheese.” (Smith, et al., 2000, p. 100).
No author “The moon is green cheese” (Moon analysis, 2000, p. 100).
Secondary citation Jay, Kent, and Grey ’s study (as cited in Smith & Wilson, 2000)

General Rules for Reference List

- Citation page should be headed by the word References.
- All sources in the reference list should be cited in the text.
- Double space with a hanging indent.
- Italicize titles of books and journals, including the volume number of journals.
- Capitalize only the first word for article titles, book titles, and chapter titles as well as for subtitles. Capitalize all significant words of a journal name.
- Alphabetize by the first significant word of the citation, whether an author or title.
- All authors’ or editors’ names are Surname, A. A. If the author has a suffix such as Jr., separate with a comma. Surname, A. A., Jr.
- For corporate authors (businesses and organizations), include the entire name.
- For editors, add (Ed.) or (Eds.) after the name or names.
- For articles with more than seven authors, list the first six names, followed by a comma and an ellipsis (three periods) and the last name in the list.
- Use the ampersand (&) sign rather than the word “and” before the last author’s name in a list of up to six.
- If there is no author or editor, begin with the title.
- Only one space after “periods that separate parts of a reference citation.” (APA, 2010, p. 87)

Electronic Resources Only

- Follow other source information with the statement: Retrieved from [source URL] for open Web material. Do not end URLs with a period (e.g., http://www.lonestar.edu/library/)
- No retrieval date is necessary for database information. However, you may need to do a quick search to locate the home page for the journal, book or report. Copy and paste the URL address directly onto your reference list. If you are unable to locate a web site, use the home page for the article source (as in database).
- Give issue number for journals, magazines, and newsletters only if each issue begins on page 1 (give issue number in parentheses after the volume number)
- When the URL leads to information on how to obtain the cited material rather than to the material itself, use: Available from [source].
- If DOI (Digital Object Identifier) is available, include the DOI instead of the URL in the reference.